

## ORGANIC COMPOUNDS OF SELENIUM, III

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**Introduction.** This paper is the third of a series having as its object the furthering of research work in the chemistry of organic selenium compounds. It presents a complete list of the known organic selenides, a resume of the methods of preparation for each compound, and a complete bibliography for each compound.

**Discussion.** A consideration of the body of this paper will show that it consists of three parts: General methods for the preparation of selenides, a classified list of selenides, and a bibliography. An examination of the methods of preparation will show that each method is assigned a number, and that with each method are listed reference numbers which correspond to the number assigned to the pertinent references in the bibliography. In this way, by a consideration of the table of methods, one can ascertain by the reference numbers something of the extent to which that method has been used. In the same manner, any compound in the lists of selenides will show by number the methods by which that compound has been prepared, and, also by number, the references in which that compound is mentioned.

A more detailed consideration of the general methods for the preparation of selenides will show that in many cases the first equation is not balanced, and is in fact only a listing of reagents and products. When this is the case, the equation is ended by a plus sign to indicate that it is incomplete. Following this, frequently, will be found balanced equations which endeavor to show the probable mechanism of the reaction. Regarding these equations, it must be remembered that they are often based upon properties reported during the early work in this field, and consequently are in no sense authoritative. Additional information will possibly necessitate the revision of several equations. This is well illustrated by Preparation Methods Nos. 24 and 25. In these two cases, the first equation is a list of the reported products, while the explanatory equations are merely an effort to explain the presence of these products. Additional information regarding the properties of the organic selenocyanates would no doubt necessitate some modification in these instances.

A consideration of the chemistry of the preparation of selenides will show that the actual preparation of the selenide is based upon fewer reactions than the forty listed. This can be well illustrated as follows: Any one of several starting materials can be converted to organic selenols, which can in turn be oxidized to organic diselenides, which if heated will decompose to form selenides. From this it can be seen that the methods of preparation listed have been classified from the basis of starting material, rather than from the basis of the reaction immediately concerned in the preparation of the selenide. This is necessary because of the lack of definite information regarding the mechanism of these reactions.

Special notice should be called to Methods Nos. 40, 41, and 42. Method No. 40 includes all methods based on chemistry not affecting the selenium atom in the molecules concerned. Here, then, are listed cases of nitration, reduction,

dehydration, and other reactions of like nature. Methods Nos. 41 and 42 are actually not methods of preparation, but are merely remarks designed to indicate that a compound may have been erroneously classified as a selenide, or that it may have been erroneously reported to have been prepared, respectively.

**Nomenclature.** In many cases, the nomenclature used by the original authors has been modified in order to obtain a uniform system. In the case of the heterocyclic compounds, the common name "selenopyrine" has been replaced by a systematic name. In the aliphatic compounds, the name "selenoglycollic acid" has been changed to carboxymethylselenide. This change was considered desirable since the term "seleno" indicates a divalent selenium atom attached to another atom by both valences. In the case of the "selenoglycollic acids" the valences of the selenium atom are attached to different carbon atoms, thus demanding a name including the term selenide. Other changes which have been made for similar reasons will be noted in the tables. Abbreviations which have been used in the tables are those recommended by Chemical Abstracts, as follows: Ac =  $\text{CH}_3\text{CO}-$ ; Bz =  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{CO}-$ ; Et =  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5-$ ; Me =  $\text{CH}_3-$ ; Ph =  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5-$ ; R = a hydrocarbon radical; X = an inorganic acid radical; M = an inorganic metallic radical.

**Properties.** Selenides are oxidized to selenoxides when treated with acetic acid and either potassium dichromate or potassium permanganate. Treatment with fuming nitric acid forms a hydronitrate of the selenoxide ( $\text{R}_2\text{SeO}\cdot\text{HNO}_3$ ). Hydrogen peroxide is frequently without action, probably due to the insolubility of the selenides used as starting material. Selenides react with solutions of potassium platinochloride, and with the corresponding palladium salt to form compounds of the type  $2\text{R}_2\text{Se}\cdot\text{PtCl}_2$  and  $2\text{R}_2\text{Se}\cdot\text{PdCl}_2$ . Treatment of solutions of selenides with halogens forms dihalides,  $\text{R}_2\text{SeX}_2$ . Moderate heating of selenides with metallic selenium causes the addition of another selenium atom to form diselenides,  $\text{R}_2\text{Se}_2$ . Higher temperatures cause a reversal of this reaction with re-formation of the original selenide.

The only selenide used industrially is diethylselenide, which is part of the "anti-knock" mixture used in "Ethyl gas."

## THE PREPARATION OF SELENIDES

## GENERAL METHODS

<i>Method</i>	<i>Equations</i>	<i>Ref. Nos.</i>
No.		
1.	$\text{Se} + \text{RMgX} + \text{Et}_2\text{O} ; + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{HCl} = \text{R}_2\text{Se} + \text{R}_2\text{Se}_2 + \text{RSeH} + .$ $\text{Se} + \text{RMgX} = \text{RSeMgBr} ; + \text{HCl} = \text{RSeH} + \text{MgBrCl}.$ $2\text{Se} + 2\text{RMgX} = \text{RSeR} + \text{Se}(\text{MgBr})_2.$ $3\text{Se} + 3\text{RMgX} = \text{R}_2\text{Se}_2 + \text{Se}(\text{MgBr})_2.$	72, 79, 80
2.	$2\text{Se} + \text{R}_2\text{Hg} + \text{heat} = \text{R}_2\text{Se} + \text{HgSe}.$	39, 52, 94.
3.	$\text{Se} + \text{R}_2\text{SO}_2 + \text{heat} = \text{R}_2\text{Se} + \text{SO}_2.$	28, 37, 38.
4.	$2\text{Se} + \text{RH} + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 = \text{R}_2\text{Se} + \text{H}_2\text{Se} + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 + .$ (R = Heterocyclic).	19.
5.	$\text{Se} + \text{RX}_4 + \text{heat} = \text{complex selenides} + .$ (not verified by recent work).	1, 8.
6.	$\text{Se}_2\text{X}_2 + \text{RMgX} = \text{R}_2\text{Se} + \text{R}_2\text{Se}_2 + .$ $\text{Se}_2\text{X}_2 + 2\text{RMgX} = \text{R}_2\text{Se}_2 + 2\text{MgX}_2.$ $\text{R}_2\text{Se}_2 + \text{heat} = \text{R}_2\text{Se} + \text{Se}.$	67, 68, 77.
7.	$\text{Se}_2\text{X}_2 + \text{RH} + \text{Al}_2\text{X}_6 + \text{CS}_2 = \text{R}_2\text{Se} + \text{R}_2\text{Se}_2 + \text{RX} + .$ $\text{Se}_2\text{X}_2 + 2\text{RH} + (\text{Al}_2\text{X}_6) = \text{R}_2\text{Se}_2 + 2\text{HX}.$ $\text{R}_2\text{Se}_2 + \text{heat} = \text{R}_2\text{Se} + \text{Se}.$ $\text{Se}_2\text{X}_2 + \text{RH} + (\text{Al}_2\text{X}_6) = \text{RX} + \text{HX} + 2\text{Se}.$	50.
8.	$\text{Se}_2\text{X}_2 + \text{RH} = \text{R}_2\text{Se} + \text{R}_2\text{Se}_2 + .$ $\text{Se}_2\text{X}_2 + 2\text{RH} = \text{R}_2\text{Se}_2 + 2\text{HX}.$ $\text{R}_2\text{Se}_2 + \text{heat} = \text{R}_2\text{Se} + \text{Se}.$ (R = Heterocyclic).	36.
9.	$\text{Se}_2\text{X}_2 + \text{R} = \text{R}'(\text{X} = \text{R}' - )_2\text{Se} + (\text{XR} - \text{R}' - )_2\text{SeX}_2 + .$ $\text{Se}_2\text{X}_2 + 2\text{R} = \text{R}' = (\text{XR} - \text{R}' - )_2\text{Se} + \text{Se}.$ $(\text{XR} - \text{R}' - )_2\text{Se} + \text{Se}_2\text{X}_2 = (\text{XR} - \text{R}' - )_2\text{SeX}_2 + 2\text{Se}.$ (R = R' = Ethylenic).	7, 32.
10.	$\text{SeX}_4 + \text{RH} + (\text{Al}_2\text{X}_6) = \text{R}_2\text{Se} + \text{R}_2\text{SeX}_2 + \text{R}_2\text{Se}_2 + \text{HCl} + \text{RX} + .$ (R = Aromatic).	10, 11, 12, 40.
11.	$\text{SeX}_4 + \text{R}_2\text{Cu} + \text{CHCl}_3 = \text{R}_2\text{Se} + \text{R}_2\text{Se}_2 + \text{RX} + \text{CuX}_2 + .$ $2\text{SeX}_4 + 3\text{CuR}_2 = 2\text{R}_2\text{Se} + 2\text{RX} + 3\text{CuX}_2.$ $4\text{SeX}_4 + 5\text{CuR}_2 = 2\text{R}_2\text{Se}_2 + 6\text{RX} + 5\text{CuX}_2.$ (R = Diketone univalent radical, e.g., $(\text{Ph} - \text{CO} - \text{CH} = \text{C}(\text{Ph}) - \text{O} - )_2\text{Cu}.$ )	61.
12.	$\text{SeO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{R} + \text{Al}_2\text{X}_6 + \text{heat} = (\text{HR})_2\text{Se} + (\text{HR})_2\text{Se}_2 + .$ $(\text{HR})_2\text{SeX}_2 + (\text{XR})_2\text{Se} + \text{HCl} + .$ $2\text{H}_2\text{R} + \text{SeO}_2 + \text{Al}_2\text{X}_6 = (\text{HR})_2\text{SeO} + \text{H}_2\text{O}.$ $2(\text{HR})_2\text{SeO} + 2\text{HX} + \text{Al}_2\text{X}_6 = (\text{HR})_2\text{SeX}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}.$ $2\text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{Al}_2\text{X}_6 = 2\text{AlOHX}_2 + 2\text{HX}.$ $2(\text{HR})_2\text{SeX}_2 + \text{heat} = (\text{HR})_2\text{Se} + (\text{XR})_2\text{Se} + 2\text{HX}.$ $(\text{HR})_2\text{Se} + \text{Se} + \text{warm} = (\text{HR})_2\text{Se}_2.$ (R = Aromatic).	53.
13.	$\text{SeO}_2 + \text{HR} = \text{R}_2\text{Se} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{O}.$ (R = Phenolic or Heterocyclic).	19, 20.
14.	$\text{M}_2\text{Se} + \text{RN}_\text{NN} = \text{R}_2\text{Se} + \text{R}_2\text{Se}_2 + \text{MX} + \text{N}_2 + .$ $\text{M}_2\text{Se} + 2\text{RN}_\text{NN} = \text{R}_2\text{Se} + \text{N}_2 + 2\text{MX}.$ $\text{M}_2\text{Se}_2 + 2\text{RN}_\text{NN} = \text{R}_2\text{Se}_2 + \text{N}_2 + 2\text{MX}.$ (M = H, Na, K. M <sub>2</sub> Se <sub>2</sub> is a common impurity in M <sub>2</sub> Se).	45, 46, 47.

## LIST OF AROMATIC SELENIDES

<i>Method</i>	<i>Equations</i>	<i>Ref. Nos.</i>
15.	$M_2Se + RX + M'OH = R_2Se + R_3Se_2 + MX +.$ $M_2Se + 2RX = R_2Se + 2MX.$ $M_2Se_2 + 2RX = R_2Se_2 + 2MX.$ (M = Na, K, NH <sub>4</sub> , P. X = Cl, KSO <sub>4</sub> , C <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> . M' = Na, K).	6, 14, 33, 34, 35, 51, 59, 69, 70, 73, 74, 75, 78, 85, 89, 90, 91.
16.	$M_2Se_3 + ROH + \text{heat} = RSeH + R_3Se + R_2Se_2 +.$ $M_2Se_3 + 3ROH = 3RSeH + M_2O_3.$ $6RSeH + M_2O_3 = 3R_2Se_2 + 2M(OH)_3.$ $R_2Se_2 + \text{heat} = R_2Se + Se.$ (R = Aliphatic).	65.
17.	$M_2Se_3 + R_2O + \text{heat} = R_2Se + R_2Se_2 +.$ $M_2Se_3 + 2R_2O = 2R_2Se + Se.$ $R_2Se + Se + \text{warm} = R_2Se_2.$ (R = Aliphatic).	65.
18.	$H_2SeO_4 + RH + (H_2SO_4) = R_2Se + H_2O + 3(O).$ (R = Heterocyclic).	20.
19.	$MSeCN + RNNX + (\text{neutral solution}) = R_2Se + RSeCN +.$ $MSeCN + RNNX = RSeCN + N_2 + MX.$ $2RSeCN = R_2Se + (CN)_2.$ (M = K).	13.
20.	$SeOCl_2 + HR = R_2Se + RCl + R_3SeCl +.$ $SeOCl_2 + 3HR = R_2Se + RCl + H_2O + HCl.$ $R_2Se + RCl = R_3SeCl.$	30, 43, 54, 63.
21.	$K_2SeSO_3 + RX = R_2Se +.$ $2K_2SeSO_3 = K_2Se + Se + K_2S_2O_6.$ $2RX + K_2Se = R_2Se + 2KX.$	88.
22.	$RSeH + R'NNX = RSeR' + N_2 + HX.$	3, 48.
23.	$RSeM + R'X + \text{heat} = RSeR' + MX.$	3, 15, 16, 26, 27, 28, 41, 46, 47, 48, 59, 62, 71, 72, 80, 87.
24.	$RSeCN + HOH = R_2Se + R_2Se_2 + NH_3 + CO_2 + HCN + H_2C_2O_4 +.$ $2RSeCN + \text{heat} = R_2Se + Se + (CN)_2.$ $RSeCN + HOH = RSeH + HOCH.$ $2RSeH + O = R_2Se_2 + H_2O.$ $(CN)_2 + 4H_2O = 2NH_3 + H_2C_2O_4.$ $(CN)_2 + H_2O = HOCH + HCN.$	3, 13, 22.
25.	$RSeCN + R'X + NaOAc + \text{heat} = R'SeR + R'2Se +.$ $RSeCN = RSeH + HOCH.$ $RSeH + R'X = RSeR' + HX.$ $RSeCN + R'X = R'SeCN + RX.$ $R'SeCN + HOH = R'SeH + HOCH.$ $R'SeH + R'X = R'2Se = HX.$	5.
26.	$RSeOOH + HR'NH_2 + \text{heat} = RSeOR'NH_2 + RSeR'NH_2 + H_2O +.$ $RSeOOH + HR'NH_2 + \text{heat} = RSeOR'NH_2 + H_2O.$ $RSeOR'NH_2 + R'NH_2 = RSeR'NH_2 + H_2O +.$	29.

27.  $R_2SeO + (M + HX) = R_2Se + H_2O + MX.$  28.  
 28.  $R_2Se(OH)_2 + (M + HX) + \text{heat} = R_2Se + 2H_2O + MX.$  2, 17, 29.  
     ( $M = Zn$ .  $X = CH_3COOH$ ).  
 29.  $R_2SeO_2 + \text{heat} = R_2Se + O_2 + \text{detonation.}$  41.  
 30.  $(HR)_2SeO_2 + PX_5 = (XR)_2Se + 2HX +.$  76.  
     ( $X = Cl$ .  $R = \text{Aromatic}$ ).  
 31.  $R_2SeO_2 + PX_3 = R_2Se +.$  76.  
 32.  $2HRSeX_2 + \text{heat} = (RX)_2Se + (HR)_2Se + 2HX.$  17, 29, 38, 53,  
     ( $HR)_2SeX_2 + \text{heat} = HRSeRX + HX.$  57, 60, 94.  
 33.  $R_2SeX_2 + M + \text{heat} + CS_2 = R_2Se + MX_2.$  44.  
     ( $M = Zn$ ).  
 34.  $R_2SeX_2 + 2MOH + \text{heat} = R_2Se + 2MX + H_2O +.$  38.  
      $R_2SeX_2 + 2MOH = R_2Se(OH)_2 + 2MX.$   
      $R_2Se(OH)_2 = R_2Se + H_2O + O.$   
     ( $R = \text{Naphthyl}$ .  $M = K$ ).  
 35.  $R_2SeX_2 + HOH + \text{ether} = R_2Se + RX + Se +.$  44.  
      $2R_2SeX_2 + HOH = R_2Se + 2RX + X_2 + Se.$   
 36.  $R_2Se = Se + \text{heat} = R_2Se + Se.$  49.  
 37.  $2(RCOCH_2)_2Se_2 + 3NaOH + \text{heat} = (RCOCH_2)_2Se +$   
      $RCSeCOR + 2HOH + HSeCH_2COONa + Na_2Se +.$  21.  
 38.  $XR(-R') - Se - R'' + \text{heat} = R''X + R - Se - R'.$  16.  
     ( $R = \text{Heterocyclic}$ .  $R'$  and  $R'' = \text{Aliphatic}$ ).  
 39.  $R = Se + R'X + \text{heat} = XR - Se - R'.$  57, 58, 60.  
     ( $R = \text{Heterocyclic}$ .  $R' = \text{Aliphatic}$ ).  
 40. All methods not affecting the selenium atom. 3, 6, 11, 12, 14,  
     16, 38, 47, 48, 56,  
     57, 58, 60, 74, 75,  
     89, 90, 91, 92.  
 41. Erroneously classified in references as a selenide. 57, 59.  
 42. Reported but now considered not to have been prepared. 1, 8, 11, 35, 93.

## LIST OF AROMATIC SELENIDES

<i>Selenides</i>	<i>Formulas</i>	<i>M.P. or B.P.°C.</i>	<i>of Prep.</i>	<i>Ref. Nos.</i>
Diphenyl-	(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se	B = 301-2 B <sub>10</sub> = 159 B <sub>16</sub> = 167 B <sub>55</sub> = 199 B <sub>100</sub> = 219 B <sub>126</sub> = 227 B <sub>12</sub> = 196-8 M = 32-3	1, 2, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12, 17, 10, 12, 14, 23, 25, 26, 37, 23, 29, 31. 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 45, 50, 52, 53, 68, 76, 77, 80.	
4-Bromodiphenyl-		B <sub>20</sub> = 175-8 M = 182-4 M = 189-90	3. 27. 22.	28. 28. 48.
4-Tolylphenyl-		M = 72-3	40.	48.
4-Carboxy diphenyl-	4-HOOC-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> SeC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	M = 201-2	40.	48.
2-Carboxy diphenyl-	2-HOOC-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> SeC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	M = 145.5-6.5	40.	48.
Acid chloride of Carboxy diphenyl-	2-ClOC-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> SeC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	M = 71-2	40.	48.
Amide of Carboxy diphenyl-	2-NH <sub>2</sub> OC-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> SeC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	M = 93-4	26.	29.
Anilide of Carboxy diphenyl-	2-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> NHOOC-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> SeC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	M = 169-70	28, 40.	29.
Methyl ester of Carboxy diphenyl-	2-CH <sub>3</sub> OOC-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> SeC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	B <sub>16</sub> = 186	1, 2, 7, 24.	3, 50, 52, 72,
4-Aminodiphenyl-	4-NH <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> SeC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	M = 61-2	94.	
4-Acetaminodiphenyl-	4-CH <sub>3</sub> CONH-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> SeC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	M = 62		
Di-2-tolyl-	(2-CH <sub>3</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se	M = 64		
	(4-CH <sub>3</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se	B <sub>16</sub> = 196 M = 69 M = 69.5-70.5 M = 286?	2, 19, 23, 3, 13, 52, 94. 24.	

Di( $\beta$ -methyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)-	$(\beta\text{-CH}_3\text{-}4\text{-HO-C}_6\text{H}_3)_2\text{Se}$	M = 98-9	20.	63.
Di( $\beta$ -methyl-2-hydroxyphenyl)-	$(\beta\text{-CH}_3\text{-}2\text{-HO-C}_6\text{H}_3)_2\text{Se}$	M = 111	20.	63.
Di- $\alpha$ -carboxyphenyl-	$(\beta\text{-HOOC-C}_6\text{H}_4)_2\text{Se}$	M = 228-9	14.	46, 47, 48.
Di-acid chloride of carboxyphenyl-	$(\beta\text{-COOC-C}_6\text{H}_4)_2\text{Se}$	M = 234-5		
Di-amide of carboxyphenyl-	$(\beta\text{-H}_2\text{NOC-C}_6\text{H}_4)_2\text{Se}$	M = 107-8	40.	47.
Di-methyl ester of carboxyphenyl-	$(\beta\text{-CH}_3\text{OOC-C}_6\text{H}_4)_2\text{Se}$	M = 212-3	40.	47.
Di-ethyl ester of carboxyphenyl-	$(\beta\text{-C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OOC-C}_6\text{H}_4)_2\text{Se}$	M = 70-1	40.	47.
Di- $\alpha$ -carboxyphenyl-	$(\beta\text{-COOC-C}_6\text{H}_4)_2\text{Se}$	M = 64-5	40.	47.
Di- $\beta$ -carboxyphenyl-	$(\beta\text{-HOOC-C}_6\text{H}_4)_2\text{Se}$	M = 315-6	14.	47.
Di- $\alpha$ -chlorophenyl-	$(\beta\text{-HOOC-C}_6\text{H}_4)_2\text{Se}$	M = 296-7	14.	47.
Di-( $\beta$ -hydroxy- $\beta$ -carboxyphenyl)-	$(\beta\text{-HO-}\beta\text{-HOOC-C}_6\text{H}_3)_2\text{Se}$	S = 260 $\pm$		
(Disalicyl seleine)		D = 272	20.	63.
Di- $\beta$ -chlorophenyl-		B <sub>18</sub> = 212	1, 12,	30,
		M = 96.5-97	32,	38, 52, 53, 76,
		M = 94	79,	80.
Di- $\beta$ -bromophenyl-		M = 95		
		M = 96	1,	24, 32,
		M = 114-5	24,	11, 12, 13, 17,
		M = 114	40.	38, 52, 79, 80.
		M = 115.5		
		M = 112		
		M = 116		
		—	13, 20.	54, 81.
Di- $x$ -hydroxyphenyl-	$(x\text{-HO-C}_6\text{H}_4)_2\text{Se}$	M = 48	20.	43.
Di- $x$ -methoxyphenyl-	$(x\text{-CH}_3\text{O-C}_6\text{H}_4)_2\text{Se}$	—	24.	3.
Di-4-methoxyphenyl-	$(4\text{-CH}_3\text{O-C}_6\text{H}_4)_2\text{Se}$	M = 56	20.	35, 43.
Di- $x$ -ethoxyphenyl-	$(x\text{-C}_2\text{H}_5\text{O-C}_6\text{H}_4)_2\text{Se}$	B = 130-50	6.	68.
Di- $\beta$ -aminophenyl-	$(\beta\text{-H}_2\text{N-C}_6\text{H}_4)_2\text{Se}$			

## LIST OF AROMATIC SELENIDES—Continued

Selenides	Formulas	M.P. or B.P.°C.	Method <sup>s</sup>	Ref. Nos.
Di- <i>x</i> -dimethylaminophenyl-	( <i>x</i> -(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> N-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se	M=124	20.	30.
Picrate of dimethylaminophenyl-	R <sub>2</sub> Se-2C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	M=135	40.	30.
Di- <i>x</i> -diethylaminophenyl-	( <i>x</i> -(C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> N-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se	M=83	20.	30.
Picrate of diethylaminophenyl-	R <sub>2</sub> Se-2C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	M=135	40.	30.
Di-( <i>z</i> -methyl- <i>z</i> -bromophenyl)-	( <i>z</i> -CH <sub>3</sub> - <i>z</i> -Br-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se	—	32.	94.
Di-( <i>z</i> -aminohydrobromide- <i>x</i> -bromo-	( <i>z</i> -NH <sub>2-HBr-<i>x</i>-Br-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>Se</sub>	M=115-6	6.	68.
phenyl)-	<i>x</i> - <i>y</i> -Cl- <i>z</i> -4-AcNH-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> SePh	M=186-7	39.	29.
<i>x</i> - <i>y</i> -dichloro- <i>z</i> -acetaminodiphenyl-	<i>x</i> - <i>y</i> -Br- <i>z</i> -4-AcNH-C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub> SePh	M=167	32.	29.
<i>x</i> - <i>y</i> -dibromo- <i>z</i> -acetaminodiphenyl-	( <i>z</i> -4-(NO <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se	M=194	21, 25.	5, 88.
Di-( <i>z</i> -4-dinitrophenyl)-		M=195-6		
Di-( <i>z</i> -4- <i>z</i> -trinitrophenyl)	D=240	21.	88.	
	M=240+			
	D=240+			
	M=145	39, 42.	11, 12, 38.	
	M=114	2.	52.	
	M=138	20.	54.	
	M=149	20.	54.	
	B <sub>1,2</sub> =298	3, 34, 36.	38, 49, 52.	
	M=138.5			
Di- <i>x</i> -hydroxy- <i>x</i> '-chlorodiphenyl-	<i>x</i> -HO-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> SeC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> Cl- <i>x</i> '			
Di- <i>I</i> -naphthyl-	(1-C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>7</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se			
Di- <i>I</i> -methoxy- <i>x</i> -naphthyl-	( <i>I</i> -CH <sub>3</sub> O- <i>x</i> -C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>6</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se			
Di- <i>I</i> -ethoxy- <i>x</i> -naphthyl-	( <i>I</i> -C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> O- <i>x</i> -C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>6</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se			
Di- <i>z</i> -naphthyl-	( <i>z</i> -C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>7</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se			
Di- <i>z</i> -hydroxy-1-naphthyl-	( <i>z</i> -HO-1-C <sub>1</sub> H <sub>6</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se	M=186	20.	54, 63.
Di- <i>z</i> -methoxy-1-naphthyl-	( <i>z</i> -CH <sub>3</sub> O- <i>x</i> -C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>6</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se	M=162	20.	54.
Di- <i>z</i> -ethoxy-1-naphthyl-	( <i>z</i> -C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> O- <i>x</i> -C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>6</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se	M=176	20.	54.

## LIST OF ALIPHATIC SELENIDES

<i>Selenides</i>	<i>Formulas</i>	<i>M.P. or B.P.°C.</i>	<i>Methods of Prep.</i>	<i>Ref. Nos.</i>
Dimethyl-	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se	B=58.2 B <sub>75.3</sub> =54.5	15, 42.	23, 24, 25, 33, 34, 73, 78, 83, 84, 93.
Methylbenzy-	CH <sub>3</sub> SeCH <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	—	23.	27.
Methyl- <i>n</i> -cyanobenzy-	CH <sub>3</sub> SeC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> CN- <i>o</i>	B=180-200	23.	15.
Methylethyl-	CH <sub>3</sub> SeC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	B=86	23.	87.
Methyl- <i>n</i> -propyl-	CH <sub>3</sub> SeC <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7-n</sub>	B=114	23.	87.
Methyl- <i>n</i> -butyl-	CH <sub>3</sub> SeC <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9-n</sub>	B=141	23.	87.
Di(carboxymethyl)- (Diglycolic Acid-)	(HOOCCH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se	M=107	15, 24.	5, 75.
Di-amide of (Diglycolic Acid-)	(H <sub>2</sub> NOCOCH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se	—	39.	75.
Di-anilide of (Diglycolic Acid-)	(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> HNOCH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se	M=198	36.	21.
Di ( <i>o</i> -toluidide) of (Diglycolic Acid-)	(2-CH <sub>3</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NHCOCOCH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se	—	36.	21.
Di ( <i>p</i> -toluidide) of (Diglycolic Acid-)	(3-CH <sub>3</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NHCOCOCH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se	M=170.1	36.	21.
Di ( <i>o</i> -toluidide) of (Diglycolic Acid-)	(4-CH <sub>3</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NHCOCOCH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se	M=217-8	36.	21.
Di ( <i>p</i> -chloranilide) of (Diglycolic Acid-)	(4-Cl-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NHCOCOCH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se	M=190.1	36.	21.
Di ( <i>o</i> -ethoxyanilide) of (Diglycolic Acid-)	(4-C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> O-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NHCOCOCH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se	M=199-200	36.	21.
s-Dibenzoyldimethyl-	(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> COCH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se	M=73	33, 35.	44.
Di (phenylhydrazone) of s Dibenzoyldimethyl-	(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> NHN(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se	M=70-100	40.	44.
s-Tetrabenzoyldimethyl-	((C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CO) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> Se	M=150-2	11.	61.
s-Di ( <i>o</i> -methylbenzoyl) dimethyl-	(4-CH <sub>3</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> COCH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se	M=103	33, 35.	44.
Di (phenylhydrazone) of "dimethyl"-	(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> NHN(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se	M=indef.	40.	44.
Dibenzyl-	(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se	M=45.5	15, 23.	27, 33, 34, 77.
Benzylethyl-	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> SeC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	—	23.	27.
<i>I</i> - <i>o</i> -Di (benzylselenide)-ethane	(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> SeCH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	M=68-9	23.	27.
Carbamyl (N-phenyl- <i>al pho</i> -acetamido)-	NH <sub>2</sub> COSeCH <sub>2</sub> CONHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	M=118-9	24.	22.
Carbamyl (N-phenyl-N-methyl- <i>al pho</i> -acetamido)-	NH <sub>2</sub> COSeCH <sub>2</sub> CON(CH <sub>3</sub> )C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	M=123	24.	22.

## LIST OF ALIPHATIC SELENIDES—Continued

<i>Selenides</i>	<i>Formulas</i>	<i>M.P. or B.P.°C.</i>	<i>Methods of Prep.</i>	<i>Ref. Nos.</i>
Carbamyl (N-phenyl-N-benzyl-alpha-acetamido)-Diethyl-	NH <sub>2</sub> COSeCH <sub>2</sub> CON(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> (C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se	M = 140-1 B = 107-8	24. 15, 16, 17, 42.	22. 9, 18, 23, 24, 25, 35, 51, 63, 64, 65, 66, 69, 70, 73, 82, 85, 86, 95.
1-3-(Diethylselenide)-propane 1-1'-Dicarboxyethyl-(cis- and trans-)	(C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> SeCH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> CH(COOH)) <sub>2</sub> Se	B <sub>1,5</sub> = 135 M = 106-7 M = 145	23. 15. —	23, 25, 87. 14.
Di-acid chloride of <i>I</i> - <i>I'</i> -Dicarboxyethyl-	(CH <sub>3</sub> CH(COCl)) <sub>2</sub> Se	—	40.	14.
Di-acid amide of <i>I</i> - <i>I'</i> -Dicarboxyethyl-	(CH <sub>3</sub> CH(CONH <sub>2</sub> )) <sub>2</sub> Se	—	40.	14.
Diethyl ester of <i>I</i> - <i>I'</i> -Dicarboxyethyl-	(CH <sub>3</sub> CH(COOC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> )) <sub>2</sub> Se	—	40.	14.
<i>2</i> - <i>2'</i> -Dichloroethyl-	(ClCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se	M = 23-5	9, 28.	2, 7, 31.
Trichlorodioethyl-	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>7</sub> Cl <sub>3</sub> Se	—	—	31.
<i>s</i> -Tetrachlorodioethyl-	(CHCl <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se	M = 118	9.	32.
Dichlorovinyl-	(ClCH = CH) <sub>2</sub> Se	—	—	31.
“Selenium chloroethylene deriv.”	(HOSeC-C-SeC-) <sub>2</sub>	—	—	31.
“Selenium bromoethylene deriv.”	(n-C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se	—	—	31.
“Selenium acetylene chlorine cmpd.”	—	—	—	31.
“Selenium cmpd. of acetylene.”	—	—	—	31.
Di- <i>n</i> -propyl-	—	—	6.	67.
Di-( <i>I</i> -diacetyl)- <i>n</i> -propyl	B <sub>1,3</sub> = 99	23.	23, 24, 25, 87.	
Di-( <i>z</i> -chloropropyl)-	B = 159			
Di-isopropyl-	M = 81-2	11.	61.	
Di- <i>n</i> -butyl-	B <sub>1,0</sub> = 134	9.	7.	
	—	16.	65.	
	—	—	—	23, 24.

Di-(2-chloro- <i>n</i> -butyl)-	$(CH_3CH_2CH_2CHClCH_2)_2Se$	$B_8 = 138$	9.	7.
Di- <i>isobutyl-</i>	$((CH_3)_2CHCH_2)_2Se$	—	—	23, 24, 25.
Di-(2-chloro- <i>n</i> -amyl)-	$(n-C_3H_7CH_2CHClCH_2)_2Se$	$B_{10} = 158$	9.	7.
Di- <i>isooamyl-</i>	$((CH_3)_2CHCH_2CH_2)_2Se$	—	—	23, 24, 25.
Dihucosyl-6-	$(C_6H_{11}O_5)_2Se$	$M = 160 +$ $D = 200$	40.	91, 92.
Octa-acetyl deriv. of Dihucosyl-6-	$(C_6H_7O_5(COCH_3)_4)_2Se$	$M = 150 - 5$	40.	91.
Di-1-methoxy deriv. of Dihucosyl-6-	$(1-CH_3O-C_6H_10O_4)_2Se$	$M = 138$	40.	91.
Hexa-acetyl deriv. of "Di-glucosyl-6"-	$(1-CH_3OC_6H_10O_4(COCH_3)_3)_2Se$	$M = 179 - 80$	15.	91, 92.
Galactosylglucosyl-6'-6'	$(C_6H_{11}O_5)_2Se$	—	40.	90.
Octa-acetyl deriv. of "Di-glucosyl-6"-	$(C_6H_7O_5(COCH_3)_4)_2Se$	$M = 161$	15.	90.
Digalactosyl-	$(C_6H_{11}O_5)_2Se$	$M = 228$	40.	6.
Otaacetyl deriv. of Digalactosyl-	$(C_6H_7O_5(COCH_3)_4)_2Se$	$M = 202$	15.	6.
Di-isotrehalosyl-	$(C_6H_{11}O_5)_2Se$	$M = 193$	40.	74, 89.
Octa-acetyl deriv. of Di-isotrehalosyl-	$(C_6H_7O_5(COCH_3)_4)_2Se$	$M = 186$	15.	74, 89.
Cellulosylglucosyl-1-	$C_{12}H_{21}O_{10}SeC_6H_{11}O_5$	$D = 160 \pm$	40.	90.
Hendeca-acetyl deriv. of Cellulosylglucosyl-1-	$C_{12}H_{14}O_{10}COCH_3)_7SeC_6H_7O_5Ac_4$	$M = 141$	15.	90.
Dicellulosyl-	$(C_{12}H_{21}O_{10})_2Se$	$M = 215$	40.	90.
Tetradeca-acetyl deriv. of Dicellulosyl-1-	$(C_{12}H_{14}O_{10}(COCH_3)_7)_2Se$	$M = 252$	15.	90.
Complex selenide	$C_2Br_2Se_4$	$M = 154$	5, 42.	1, 8.
Complex selenide	$C_3BrSe_3 + 3H_2O$	$M = 120$	5, 42.	1, 8.
Complex selenide	$C_3Br_2Se_2$	$M = 210$	5, 42.	1, 8.
Complex selenide	$C_5Se$	—	5, 42.	1, 8.
Complex selenide	$C_5Se_2$	—	5, 42.	1, 8.
Complex selenide	$C_9Br_2Se_4$	—	5, 42.	1, 8.
Complex selenide	$C_1cBrSe_5$	—	5, 42.	1, 8.

## LIST OF HETERO CYCLIC SELENIDES

<i>Selenides</i>	<i>Formulas</i>	<i>M.P. or B.P. °C.</i>	<i>Methods of Prep.</i>	<i>Ref. Nos.</i>
Di ( <i>l</i> -phenyl- <i>2</i> - <i>3</i> -dimethyl- <i>4</i> -pyrro(a)monazolonyl-) (Diantipyrryl-)	(OC-NPh-NMe-CMe = C-) <sub>2</sub> Se	M = 238 M = 240 D = 240	4, 8, 13, 18.	19, 20, 36.
Di ( <i>l</i> -( <i>p</i> -nitrophenyl)- <i>2</i> - <i>3</i> -di-methyl- <i>4</i> -pyrro(a)monazolonyl-)	(OC-N(PN( <i>p</i> -NO <sub>2</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> )-NMe-CMe = C-) <sub>2</sub> Se	M = 260 ± D = 290 ±	13.	20.
Di ( <i>l</i> -( <i>p</i> -tolyl)- <i>2</i> - <i>3</i> -dimethyl- <i>4</i> -pyrro(a)monazolonyl-)	(OC-N( <i>p</i> -Me-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> )-NMe-CMe = C-) <sub>2</sub> Se	D = 255 M = 255	13.	20.

## LIST OF AROMATIC HETERO CYCLIC SELENIDES

<i>2</i> - <i>4</i> -Trinitrophenyl- <i>5</i> -acridyl-		D = 198	23.	16.
Picrate of "acridyl-"	R <sub>2</sub> Se-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> (NO <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> OH	M = 166	40.	16.

## LIST OF HETERO CYCLIC ALIPHATIC SELENIDES

<i>Selenides</i>	<i>Formulas</i>	<i>M.P. or B.P.<sup>o</sup>C.</i>	<i>Methods of Prep.</i>	<i>Ref. Nos</i>
Methyl-( <i>l</i> -phenyl- <i>3</i> -methyl- <i>4</i> -nitroso- <i>5</i> -pyro(a)monazolyl)-	$\underbrace{NPh-N=CMe-C(NO)=CSeCH_3}_{NPh-N=CMe-CBr=CSeCH_3}$	M = 117.5	40.	60.
Methyl-( <i>l</i> -phenyl- <i>3</i> -methyl- <i>4</i> -bromo- <i>5</i> -pyro(a)monazolyl)-	$\underbrace{NPh-N=CMe-CBr=CSeCH_3}_{NPh-N(IME)=CMe-CH=CSeCH_3}$	M = 147	32.	60.
Methyl-( <i>l</i> -phenyl- <i>2</i> -methiodo- <i>3</i> -methyl- <i>5</i> -pyro(a)monazolyl)-	$\underbrace{NPh-N(IME)=CMe-CH=CSeCH_3}_{NPh-N=CMc-CH=CSeMe}$	M = 197	39.	55, 60.
Methyl-( <i>l</i> -phenyl- <i>3</i> -methyl- <i>5</i> -pyro(a)monazolyl)-	$\underbrace{NPh-N=CMc-CH=CSeMe}_{(NPh-N=CMc-C'=CSeMe)_2}$	B <sub>11</sub> = 181	40.	60.
Di- <i>4</i> '-methyl-( <i>l</i> -phenyl- <i>3</i> -methyl- <i>5</i> -pyro(a)monazolyl)-	$\underbrace{(NPh-N=CMc-C'=CSeMe)_2}_{(NPh-N(IME)=CMe-C'=CSeMe)=CSeMe}$	M = 115	40.	60.
Methyl-( <i>l</i> -phenyl- <i>2</i> -methiodo- <i>3</i> -methyl- <i>4</i> -dimethylamino- <i>5</i> -pyrro(a)monazolyl)-	$\underbrace{(NPh-N(IME)=CMe-C(NMe_2)=CSeMe)}_{NMe-N=CPh-C(NO)=CSeMe}$	M = 208	39.	59.
Methyl-( <i>l</i> -methyl- <i>3</i> -phenyl- <i>4</i> -nitroso- <i>5</i> -pyro(a)monazolyl)-	$\underbrace{NMe-N=CPh-C(NO)=CSeMe}_{NMe-N=CPh-CBr=CSeMe}$	M = 136	40.	58.
Methyl-( <i>l</i> -methyl- <i>3</i> -phenyl- <i>4</i> -bromo- <i>5</i> -pyro(a)monazolyl)-	$\underbrace{NMe-N=CPh-CBr=CSeMe}_{NMe-N=CPh-CH=CSeMe-8H_2O}$	M = 129	40.	58.
Methyl-( <i>l</i> -methyl- <i>3</i> -phenyl- <i>5</i> -pyrro(a)monazolyl)-	$\underbrace{NMe-N=CPh-CH=CSeMe-8H_2O}_{NPh-N=CMc-CBz-CSeMe}$	M = 152	39.	58.
Methyl-( <i>l</i> -phenyl- <i>3</i> -methyl- <i>4</i> -benzoyl- <i>5</i> -pyro(a)monazolyl)-	$\underbrace{NPh-N=CMc-CBz-CSeMe}_{NMe-N=CPh-CH=CSeMe}$	M = 70	23.	59.
Methyl-( <i>l</i> -methyl- <i>3</i> -phenyl- <i>5</i> -pyrro(a)monazolyl)-	$\underbrace{NMe-N=CPh-CH=CSeMe}_{(NPh-N(IME)=CMe-C'=CSeMe)_2}$	B <sub>15</sub> = 196-7	40.	58.
Di- <i>4</i> '-(Methyl( <i>l</i> -phenyl- <i>2</i> -methiodo- <i>3</i> -methyl- <i>5</i> -pyrro(a)monazolyl)-		M = 249	39.	60.

## LIST OF HETEROCYCLIC ALIPHATIC SELENIDES—Continued

<i>Selenides</i>	<i>Formulas</i>	<i>M.P. or B.P.°C.</i>	<i>of Prep.</i>	<i>Ref. Nos.</i>
Methyl-(1-phenyl-4-bromo-5-methyl-3-pyrrro(a)monazolyl)-	$\text{CBr} = \text{CMe-NPh-N} = \text{C-SeMe}$	M = 178-81	32.	57.
Methyl-(1-phenyl-2-methiodo-5-methyl-3-pyrrro(a)monazolyl)-	$\text{CH} = \text{CMe-NPh-N(Me)} = \text{CSeMe}$	M = 180	39.	57.
Methyl(1-phenyl-5-methyl-3-pyrr(a)-monazolyl)-	$\text{CH} = \text{CMe-NPh-N} = \text{CSeMe}$	B <sub>13</sub> = 195	40.	57.
Methyl(1-phenyl-2-3-4-5-tetrabromo-5-methyl-3-pyrr(a)monazolyl)-	$\text{CHBr-CMeBr-NPh-NBr-CBr-SeMe}$	M = 191	40, 41.	57.
Methyl-2-pyridyl-	$\text{^2-C}_5\text{H}_4\text{N-SeCH}_3$	B = 212	40.	56.
Methyl(1-methiodo-2-pyridyl)-	$\text{I-(ICH}_3\text{)-C}_5\text{H}_4\text{N}^{\beta-}\text{SeCH}_3$	M = 186	40.	56.
Methyl(1-methochloro-2-pyridyl)-	$\text{I-(ClCH}_3\text{)-C}_5\text{H}_4\text{N}^{\beta-}\text{SeCH}_3$	M = 86	40.	56.
Methyl(1-methiodo-2-5-dimethyl-4-pyridyl)-	$\text{I-(ICH}_3\text{)-2-5(CH}_3)_2\text{-C}_5\text{H}_2\text{N-4-SeCH}_3$	M = 219	40.	56.
Methyl(1-methochloro-2-5-dimethyl-4-pyridyl)-	$\text{I-(ClCH}_3\text{)-2-5(CH}_3)_2\text{-C}_5\text{H}_2\text{N-4-SeCH}_3$	M = 210	40.	56.
Methyl(2-5-dimethyl-4-pyridyl)-	$\text{2-5-(CH}_3)_2\text{-C}_5\text{H}_2\text{N-4-SeCH}_3$	M = 70	40.	56.
Methyl-5-acridyl-		M = 108	23.	16.
Picrate of "acridyl"	$\text{R}_2\text{Se-C}_6\text{H}_2(\text{NO}_2)_3\text{OH}$	M = 176	40.	16.
Methylene di(1-phenyl-2-methiodo-3-methyl-5-pyrr(a)monazolyl)-	$(\text{NPh-N(Me)} = \text{CMe-CH} = \text{CSe-})_2\text{CH}_2$	M = 205	39.	60.
Carboxymethyl-(1-phenyl-3-methyl-4-benzoyl-5-pyrr(a)monazolyl)-	$\text{NPh-N} = \text{CMe-CBz} = \text{CSe-CH}_2\text{COOH}$	M = 157	23.	59.

Benzyl-(1-phenyl-3-methyl-4-benzoyl-5-pyro(a)monazoly)-	$\overbrace{\text{NPh-N} = \text{CMe-CBz-CSeCH}_2\text{Ph}}$	M = 146	23.	59.
$\overbrace{\text{s-Ethane di(1-phenyl-2-methiodo-3-methyl-5-pyro(a)monazoly)-}}$	$\overbrace{\text{(NPh-N(MeI)} = \text{CMe-CH = CSeCH}_2)_2}$	M = 181-8	39.	60.
Benzyl-5-acridyl-		M = 110	23.	16.
Picrate of Benzyl-5-acridyl-	$\overbrace{\text{R}_2\text{Se-C}_6\text{H}_2(\text{NO}_2)_3\text{OH}}$	M = 179	40.	16.
$\overbrace{2\text{-4-Dinitrobenzyl-5-acridyl-}}$		M = 273	23.	16.
Picrate of "acridyl"	$\overbrace{\text{R}_2\text{Se-C}_6\text{H}_2(\text{NO}_2)_3\text{OH}}$	M = 218	40.	16.
Ethyl-(1-phenyl-2-methiodo-3-methyl-4-dimethylamino-5-pyro(a)monazoly)-	$\overbrace{\text{NPh-N(IME)} = \text{CMe-C(NMe}_2\text{)} = \text{CSeEt}}$	M = 170	39.	59.
Ethyl-(1-phenyl-2-methiodo-3-methyl-5-pyro(a)monazoly)-	$\overbrace{\text{NPh-N(IME)} = \text{CMe-CH = CSeEt}}$	M = 185	39.	60.
Ethyl (1-methyl-2-methiodo-3-phenyl-5-pyro(a)monazoly)-	$\overbrace{\text{NMe-N(IMe)} = \text{CPhCH = CSeEt}}$	M = 118	39.	58.
Ethyl (1-phenyl-3-methyl-4-benzoyl-5-pyro(a)monazoly)-	$\overbrace{\text{NPh-N} = \text{CMe-CBz = CSeEt}}$	M = 84.	23.	59.
Ethyl (1-phenyl-3-methyl-5-pyrrro(a)monazoly)-	$\overbrace{\text{NPh-N} = \text{CMe-CH = CSeEt}}$	B <sub>16</sub> = 182	38, 40.	60.

## LIST OF ALIPHATIC AROMATIC SELENIDES—Continued

<i>Selenides</i>	<i>Formulas</i>	<i>M.P. or B.P. °C.</i>	<i>Methods of Prep.</i>	<i>Ref. Nos.</i>
Ethyl(1-phenyl-2-methiodo-3-methyl-5-pyrro(a)monazoly)-	$\underbrace{\text{NPh-N(IME)} = \text{CMe-CH} = \text{CSeEt}}$	M = 152	39.	55.
Ethyl(1-phenyl-2-methiodo-5-methyl-3-pyrro(a)monazoly)-	$\underbrace{\text{CH-CMe-NPh-N(IME)} = \text{CSeEt}}$	M = 132	39.	57.
Ethyl(1-phenyl-2-methiodo-5-methyl-3-pyrro(a)monazoly)-	$\underbrace{\text{CH} = \text{CMe-NPh-N(IME)} = \text{CSeEt}}$	M = 110	39.	57.
Ethyl(1-methiodo-2-5-dimethyl-4-pyridyl)-	$I-(\text{ICH}_3)-2-\delta-(\text{CH}_3)_2-\text{C}_5\text{H}_2\text{N}-4\text{-SeEt}$	M = 155	40.	56.
Ethyl(1-methiodo-2-5-dimethyl-4-pyridyl)-	$I-(\text{ClCH}_3)-2-\delta-(\text{CH}_3)_2-\text{C}_5\text{H}_2\text{N}-4\text{-SeEt}$	M = 126	40.	56.
LIST OF ALIPHATIC AROMATIC SELENIDES				
Methyl-phenyl-	$\text{CH}_3\text{Se-C}_6\text{H}_5$	B = 200-1 B = 202-3	23, 32. 23.	17, 26, 71. 47.
Methyl-2-carboxyphenyl-	$\text{CH}_3\text{SeC}_6\text{H}_4\text{-COOH-2}$	M = 181 M = 180-1	23.	
Methyl ester of "carboxyphenyl-"	$\text{CH}_3\text{SeC}_6\text{H}_4\text{-COOCH}_3-2$	M = 64-6 M = 174	40. 23.	47. 28.
Methyl-4-carboxyphenyl-	$\text{CH}_3\text{SeC}_6\text{H}_4\text{-COOH-4}$			
Methyl-1-naphthyl-	$\text{CH}_3\text{SeC}_{10}\text{H}_7-1$	$\text{B}_{16} = 173$	23.	49.
Methyl-2-naphthyl-	$\text{CH}_3\text{SeC}_{10}\text{H}_8-2$	$\text{M} = 54$	23.	49.
Carboxymethylphenyl-	$\text{HOOCCH}_2\text{SeC}_6\text{H}_5$	$\text{B}_{750} = 160$	23.	17, 62.
Carboxymethyl-4-bromophenyl-	$\text{HOOCCH}_2\text{SeC}_6\text{H}_4\text{Br-4}$	$\text{M} = 40$	23.	62.

Carboxymethyl-2-chlorophenyl-	$\text{HOOCCH}_2\text{SeC}_6\text{H}_4\text{-Cl-2}$	M = 98-9	23.
Carboxymethyl-4-chlorophenyl-	$\text{HOOCCH}_2\text{SeC}_6\text{H}_4\text{-r-Cl-2}$	M = 113-4	3.
Carboxymethyl-2-methoxyphenyl-	$\text{HOOCCH}_2\text{SeC}_6\text{H}_4\text{-OCH}_3\text{-2}$	M = 86-7	3.
Carboxymethyl-4-methoxyphenyl-	$\text{HOOCCH}_2\text{SeC}_6\text{H}_4\text{-OCH}_3\text{-4}$	M = 69-70	3.
Carboxymethyl-1-( <i>t</i> -methyl mercaptophenyl-	$\text{HOOCCH}_2\text{SeC}_6\text{H}_4\text{-SCH}_3\text{-4}$	M = 75-6	3.
Carboxymethyl-4-(carboxymethyl thio)phenyl-	$\text{HOOCCH}_2\text{Se-C}_6\text{H}_4\text{-SCH}_2\text{COOH-4}$	M = 204-5	40.
<i>4</i> -carboxymethyl-selenide of the ethyl ester of phenyl dithiocarbonic acid	$\text{HOOCCH}_2\text{SeC}_6\text{H}_4\text{-SCSO}_2\text{H-5-2}$	—	40.
Carboxymethyl-2-tolyl-	$\text{HOOCCH}_2\text{SeC}_6\text{H}_4\text{-CH}_3\text{-2}$	M = 70-1	23.
Carboxymethyl-2-carboxyphenyl-	$\text{HOOCCH}_2\text{SeC}_6\text{H}_4\text{-COOH-2}$	M = 233-4	23.
Dimethyl ester of Carboxymethyl-2-carboxyphenyl-	$\text{CH}_3\text{OOCCH}_2\text{SeC}_6\text{H}_4\text{-COOCH}_3\text{-2}$	M = 62-3	40.
Diethyl ester of Carboxymethyl-2-carboxyphenyl-	$\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OOCCH}_2\text{SeC}_6\text{H}_4\text{-COOC}_2\text{H-5-2}$	B = —	40.
Carboxymethyl-4-tolyl-	$\text{HOOCCH}_2\text{SeC}_6\text{H}_4\text{-CH}_3\text{-4}$	M = 97-8	23.
Carboxymethyl-3-4-dimethylphenyl-	$\text{HOOCCH}_2\text{SeC}_6\text{H}_3\text{-}(CH_3)_2\text{-3-4}$	M = 88	23.
Carboxymethyl-3-4-dimethylphenyl-	$\text{HOOCCH}_2\text{SeC}_6\text{H}_3\text{-}(CH_3)_2\text{-2-4}$	M = 90.5	23.
Carboxymethyl-2-nitrophenyl-	$\text{HOOCCH}_2\text{SeC}_6\text{H}_4\text{-NO}_2\text{-2}$	M = 165	23.
Acid anhydride of carboxymethyl-2-aminoxyphenyl-	$\text{O}(\text{COCH}_2\text{SeC}_6\text{H}_4\text{-NH}_2\text{-2})_2$	M = 182	40.
Carboxymethyl-2-nitrophenyl-	$\text{HOOCCH}_2\text{SeC}_6\text{H}_4\text{-NO}_2\text{-3}$	M = 90-1	22.
Carboxymethyl-4-nitrophenyl-	$\text{HOOCCH}_2\text{SeC}_6\text{H}_4\text{-NO}_2\text{-4}$	M = 119-20	23.
Carboxymethyl-4-aminophenyl-	$\text{HOOCCH}_2\text{SeC}_6\text{H}_4\text{-NH}_2\text{-4}$	M = 156	40.
Carboxymethyl-2-4-dinitrophenyl-	$\text{HOOCCH}_2\text{SeC}_6\text{H}_4\text{-}(NO_2)_2\text{-2-4}$	M = 168	23., 25.
Carboxymethyl-1-naphthyl-	$\text{HOOCCH}_2\text{SeC}_1\text{0H-7-1}$	M = 54	23.
Benzyl-4-tolyl-	$\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{CH}_2\text{Se-C}_6\text{H}_4\text{-CH}_3\text{-4}$	M = 32-3	23.
Benzyl-1-naphthyl-	$\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{CH}_2\text{Se-C}_1\text{0H-7-1}$	M = 68-9	23.
Picrate of "naphthyl."	$\text{R}_2\text{Se-C}_6\text{H}_2(\text{NO}_2)_3\text{OH}$	M = 118	40.

## LIST OF HETEROCYCLIC ALIPHATIC SELENIDES—Continued

<i>Selenides</i>	<i>Formulas</i>	<i>Methods of Prep.</i>	<i>Ref. Nos.</i>
Ethylphenyl-	$C_2H_5SeC_6H_5$	$M.P. or B.P. ^\circ C.$ B = 214-6	23. 17, 26
Ethyl-4-tolyl-	$C_2H_5Se-C_6H_4-CH_3-4$	—	17.
Ethyl-1-naphthyl-	$C_2H_5Se-C_10H_7-I$	$B_{1,3} = 167-8$	49.
Isopropyl-1-naphthyl-	$(CH_3)_2CHSeC_10H_7-I$	$B_{1,4} = 165-7$	49.
<i>n</i> -Butyl-1-naphthyl-	$n-C_4H_9SeC_10H_7-I$	$B_{1,3} = 180$	49.
<i>n</i> -Butyl-2-naphthyl-	$n-C_4H_9SeC_10H_7-II$	M = 137	49.
<i>Is</i> -o-Amylphenyl-	$(CH_3)_2CHCH_2CH_2SeC_6H_5$	$B_3 = 105$	26.

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